

AMONG THE TEACHERS.

One Hundred and One Take an Examination.

ALL SORTS OF QUESTIONS.

Brain Racking Problems That Run From Politics to Physiology—Stumbling Blocks in Arithmetic and Odds and Ends from History and Theory and Practice.

On last Saturday one hundred and one persons essayed to answer the following questions:

ARITHMETIC.
A can hoe a row of corn in 20 min., B in 22 min., C in 15 min., D in 18 min.: if all start together, how long will it be till they all finish a row at the same time and how many rows will each have finished?

(a) Find the G. C. D. of 12½, ¾, and 17-1/2. (b) Find the L. C. M. of 3-5/7, ¾ and 7/8.

5-9 of my money, increased by the difference between ¾ and 2-5 of my money, equals \$4.51; how much have I?

A coal merchant sold to a lumberman five loads of coal as follows: 2,840 lbs., 2,725 lbs., 2,742 lbs., 2,930 lbs., 2,563 lbs.,—all at \$5.75 a ton; and bought in exchange 1,554 ft board at \$18.50 a thousand; which one is in debt to the other, and how much?

How many days from Jan. 1, 1875, to May 1, 1876, inclusive? How many leap-years in the nineteenth century?

A farmer received 87½ cents a bushel for wheat; he sold five loads as follows: 62.75 bu., 3672 lb., 68 bu. 3 pk., 73 bu. 18 lb., and 52 6-13 bu.; how much did he get for all?

If a capitalist pays \$9,040 for stock at 113, and after receiving a 54 per cent. dividend sells it at 111½, how much does he gain and how much stock did he buy?

The amount of a certain principle at 7 per cent., for a given time is \$736.50, and at 10 per cent. for the same time is \$755; what is the time, and what the principal?

Bought two lots for \$2,500, on 3 years' time without interest; what is their cash value, money being worth 7 per cent.?

If a ball of metal 2 inches in diameter weighs 5 lb., what will be the weight of a ball of the same metal whose radius is 3 inches?

GEOGRAPHY.
What divides the earth into an eastern and western hemisphere? Into a northern and southern?

Name four northern tributaries of the Ohio. Locate Duluth and another city of the same state.

How wide are the temperate zones? Why? Bound Utah.

Excepting Alaska, what part of the United States extends north of the 49th degree of latitude? Bound your own county.

What is the heat equator? Why does it vary?

What are some of the effects of tides? What bodies of water partly surround Florida?

Name three rivers that cross the Siberian plain. What part of the land surface does Asia include?

What effect does Lake Erie have upon the climate of the northern part of Ohio? Sketch an outline of Ohio.

According to size compare Madagascar and Great Britain.

GRAMMAR.

Make a list of ten common prefixes and give their meaning.

What is inflection? Name the inflections of adjectives.

Decline child, and who.

Illustrate the different kinds of agreement in grammar.

Illustrate the different kinds of government in grammar.

When is it proper to use the comparative degree of an adjective? When the superlative?

Diagram: "I dare do all that may become a man."

Parse italicized words in the above sentence.

HISTORY.

What section of the U. S. opposed the war of 1812? Why?

Why was Henry Clay called the "Great Pacificator"? What legislative act practically repealed the Missouri Compromise?

State fully and correctly the Preamble to the Constitution of the U. S.

By what methods has the U. S. extended her territory? Name the territory acquired since our independence and say how acquired. Why was Alaska added?

Tell where the following battles were fought and give the result of each: Shilo, Gettysburg, Bull Run, Brandywine, Buena Vista.

Name the ex-presidents that are still living. What do you remember about the Johnstown disaster?

Name two important naval victories of the war of 1812, on inland waters. By what man was each won?

Tell about the "Specie Circular." What caused the panic of 1837?

Name five early discoverers, and tell what each discovered and under whose auspices the discoveries were made.

Name five prominent American authors and an important literary production of each.

PHYSIOLOGY.

Name some of the proper uses of alcohol.

Give three reasons why we should have good cooks.

What rules should be observed with regard to water for drinking?

Define veins, arteries, and cutis. Name some substances that will produce narcotic poisons.

Why will green leaves worn in the hat aid in preventing sunstroke?

State some general directions for keeping well.

What faculty of the mind does alcohol specially affect?

THEORY AND PRACTICE.

"As the teacher so the school." Express your opinion of the quotation.

Give a definition of teaching.

Name four celebrated teachers, and give a characteristic of any one of them.

How would you show to children the power of 8 when added to boy or cow?

Do you plan your lessons before assigning them? Why?

What is meant by the deductive method of teaching?

Why is it well to teach multiplication and division of fractions before addition and subtraction of fractions?

SPELLING.

Scarred, develop, sergeant, sulphur, murmuring, belligerent, deducible, incorrigible, combatable, pinnacle, chiffonier, modeled, collateral, trisyllable, polyamorous, Ottawa, carbonaceous, Isaiah, sycamore, comparative, (define), enhance, barbarous, indemnify, aristocratic, populous.

ARE NOT PROTECTED.

Pension Boards All to be Reorganized.

COMMISSIONER EVANS SAYS SO.

He Declares That the Examiners are Not Government Officials and Are Not Within the Civil Service Laws—Backed by a Supreme Court Decision.

The following will be read with interest in Massillon, where a Democratic pension board continues in authority, under the supposed protection of an order including them in the classified list of government employes, protected by civil service rules.

WASHINGTON, May 6.—Pension Commissioner Evans holds that pension examining surgeons are not government officials, and regardless of the amount of fees received, are not within the civil service laws. Mr. Evans bases his position upon a decision of Justice Miller, of the United States supreme court, that pension examining surgeons are not government officials, but simply agents, hired and discharged at will by the pension commissioner.

"I cannot go back on a supreme court decision," said Commissioner Evans.

"I will not hesitate to remove the Democrats on all pension boards, at once and appoint Republicans. Over 200 boards in the large cities will be affected, thus enabling the appointment of 600 Republicans."

THE BOARD OF TRADE.

Information Obtained Concerning the Association of Credit Men.

The board of trade transacted no business Thursday night, there being not enough members present to constitute a quorum. The meeting if held, however, would necessarily have been brief. About the only matter for the board to consider in open session was a communication from the National Association of Credit Men, in solicitation of membership. This association was organized at Toledo, O., on June 23, 24 and 25, 1896, but headquarters have been established at Sioux City, Iowa, where the treasurer, T. H. Green, resides.

The object of this association is to effect the organization of individual credit men and of associations of credit men throughout the United States, in one central body for the purpose of rendering more uniform, and establishing more firmly the basis upon which credit is upon which every branch of commercial enterprise may be founded, which shall include a demand for reform of the laws unfavorable to honest debtors and creditors, and the enactment of laws beneficial to commerce throughout the United States. It also desires to improve existing methods for the diffusion of information, the gathering and dissemination of data in relation to the subject of credit, whereby all commercial interests may be advanced. The most important feature, however, is the provision of a fund for the protection of members against injustice and fraud.

The individual membership fee is \$10, payable on July 1 of each year. The secretary of the board has already furnished the officials of the association with a list of names of the Massillon business men who might be interested.

NOTICE AND WARNING.

Mayor Schott Addresses Himself to Owners of Dogs.

Having received fairly reliable information as to the existence of dogs affected with rabies in and about the city of Massillon, and taking it for granted that prevention is better than cure, I have this day instructed the city policemen to kill all dogs running at large unless accompanied by their masters.

Tobias Schott, Mayor.

The Last Ton of Coal.

The last ton of coal will be hoisted from the Krause No. 2 mine on Monday. The men have been removing the pillars for a long time past, and the pumps will soon be taken up and the mine abandoned.

Wright's Colery Tea cures constipation, sick headache. 30c at druggists.

HE PLEADS NOT GUILTY.

Policeman Getz Goes to the County Seat.

WORK IN COMMON PLEAS COURT.

Receiver Albright Files His Report—Briscoe Figures in a Legal Action—Lots of News From Half a Dozen Wideawake Nearby Towns.

CANTON, May 6.—Policeman Turenne Getz, of Massillon, was brought to Canton late Wednesday afternoon by Constable Jackman and arraigned in Justice Darr's court. To the charge of shooting with intent to wound, preferred by John Charters, of Massillon, Officer Getz pleaded not guilty and gave bond to appear for hearing on next Monday.

The assignment for Wednesday was disposed of during the morning session in court room No. 1, and thus far no cases have been continued to later assignments. The suits are of minor importance, however, and a number of settlements have been effected out of court. Today Elizabeth Wolf has sued Leander D. Wallace to recover payment on a promissory note given in the sum of \$742. In the case of John H. Simons vs. William James and others, the receiver, Charles A. Albright, has filed an inventory estimating the value of the property involved at \$2,047.80. At Bowerstown Messrs. Simons, James and others are engaged in coal mining, and suit was brought to secure a dissolution of the partnership contract.

James Briscoe, of Massillon, was tried in Justice Darr's court Wednesday afternoon for stealing a cane valued at \$25. Briscoe was dismissed from custody, but was re-arrested later on the charge of assault and battery preferred by the prosecuting witness, Louis Ecker. When arraigned Briscoe pleaded not guilty to the second charge and gave bond for his appearance.

In the estate of Emeline Rigler, of Massillon, a final account and resignation of administrator has been filed and resignation accepted. Proceedings for sale of land have been dismissed and E. G. Willison appointed administrator. Louis Glick has been elected trustee by the creditors of assignor Dayton Marshall, of Sugar Creek township. A first partial account has been filed in the estate of George W. Alt-house, of Canton. Inventory and appraisal have been filed in the estate of Nellie Young, of Massillon. Exceptions to final account and motion to remove the executor have been filed in the estate of Frederick Wampler, of Tuscarawas township. The hearing has been fixed for June 5. Annie Rieth has been appointed administratrix of the estate of William Lormer, of Massillon.

CANTON, May 7.—The second assignment in the May term comprises thirty cases, which will be heard beginning Monday by Common Pleas Judge McCarthy. The suits in which Massillonians will be engaged are: Morganthaler vs. Morganthaler, Pinn vs. Porter and others and Bowman's executrix vs. the African M. E. Zion church. Ten divorce cases will be heard during the week. The case of the city of Canton vs. the Canton-Massillon Electric Railway Company, was settled in court Thursday afternoon by the defendants settling the costs.

A final distributive account has been filed in the estate of Elizabeth Balender, of Lake township. In the estate of Elizabeth Feather, of Canton, motion to require administrator to file additional bond has been filed. Hearing has been fixed for May 8. John Campbell has been appointed executor of the estate of James Campbell, of Lawrence township. In the estate of August Pillitz, of Canton, election and bond of the surviving partner to take assets of the late firm of Pillitz & Akins, have been filed and approved. The bond of the assignee of John Wonderly has been filed and approved. The first partial account has been filed by the guardian of Joseph N. Heaton, of Canton. In the estate of George E. Smith, of Lake township, a motion has been allowed to increase the widow's allowance to \$500 per year.

Marriage licenses have been granted to Jacob A. Roak and Jennie M. Herberster, of Maximo, and William Shane and Dora Nelson, of Canton.

George J. Geszner, of Paris township, assigned at 10-10 o'clock Thursday morning to Valentine Mong. The assets are estimated at \$6,500. The amount of the liabilities is not given. Mr. Geszner is a Paris township farmer. At 3 o'clock in the afternoon John Wonderly, of Canton, assigned to J. C. Stanton. The assets are estimated at \$3,500 and the liabilities at \$2,500. Mr. Wonderly conducted a second hand store. County Auditor William Reed has selected B. F. Mercer, of eastern Stark county, as deputy auditor.

DEATH AT ORRVILLE.

ORRVILLE, May 6.—James Taggart, an old and highly respected citizen of this place, died this morning, aged about 75 years. He had a stroke of paralysis about two years ago and he had been confined to his bed ever since. The funeral of Miss Lizzie Boydsen was held today and was largely attended, as she was formerly a resident of this place, but had been living in Chicago for the past few years. Death resulted from quick consumption.

HANGING THE BANNERS.

CANAL FULTON, May 6. Great excitement was caused this morning when the inhabitants woke up and found the class

colors of the high school seniors floating from the highest point on the building, hitherto regarded as inaccessible. The triumphant seniors got together and sang:

"Fulton, Fulton, pink and green,
"Senior colors can be seen."

It is believed that the four boys who were arrested last week after an unsuccessful effort to plant the colors on the school house, went through the picket lines and locked doors, and fastened streamers four yards long to the building. The entire community is having fun with the policeman who vowed that the seniors should not accomplish their purpose.

TRUSTEES ARE IN TOWN

Estimates for \$25,000 Approved and Allowed.

A SEWERAGE SYSTEM DISCUSSED.

Secretary Probst, of the State Board of Health, Meets With the Board and Suggests Intermittent Filtration as a Method of Sewage Disposal.

The trustees of the Massillon hospital for insane assembled in the city Friday for the purpose of inspecting the work accomplished and to pay bills. Estimates aggregating \$25,000 were presented by the contractors, and were approved by the board. The trustees present at the meeting were: Dr. A. B. Richardson, of Columbus; S. J. McMahon, of Cambridge; George D. Copeland, of Marion, and E. G. Carpenter, of Cleveland. Trustee Perry, of Jefferson, was unable to attend, owing to important matters in court which required his attention. Architect Packard and Dr. Probst, of Columbus, are also in the city. The latter, who is secretary of the state board of health, met today with the trustees, for the purpose of inspecting the site with them, and to examine the water supply.

A sample of the latter he will take to Columbus for analysis. Dr. Probst also looked the grounds over preparatory to recommending a sewerage system. To the board today he suggested the use of the sewerage disposal system, which is now successfully being used at the Mansfield reformatory, and which is now being placed in the Toledo asylum. By this system sewage is disposed of by intermittent filtration. Several vats are prepared as filters and used alternately, the under flow or filtered water being carried away by ordinary pipes.

WERE MARRIED TWICE.

Legal Complications Resulting from a Divorce.

COLUMBUS, May 7.—A peculiar case was filed in the supreme court Wednesday from Stark county. It arises from the fact that a husband and wife, after having been once divorced, married again. They had children when divorced, and another child was born to them after their second marriage. The case is styled N. C. Blum and Alice Spornheim vs. L. E. Blum and John E. Blum.

John N. and Elizabeth Blum were first married in 1857. To them were born Louis and Alice Blum. They were divorced in 1863, the custody of the two children being awarded to the wife. In 1866 they were married again, and under the second marriage Norman C. Blum was born. Elizabeth Blum, the wife, is now deceased, and suit has been brought for partition of her real estate.

The courts below have held that as the property did not come through the husband or from one of his ancestors, he has a life estate only in the property; that the first marriage of the husband and wife cannot be considered a "former marriage," as the words are used in the law of inheritance, and that the term applies only where the parties to the marriage were different people, and that there cannot be a partition of the real estate until the death of the surviving husband.

THE SONS OF VETERANS.

Both Governor Bushnell and Gen. Jones Will Be Here.

Arrangements for taking care of the Sons of Veterans, who will attend the state convention, which will be held in this city on June 2, 3 and 4, come on apace. Governor Bushnell has written to say that he will be here without fail, and Lieutenant Governor Jones's friends say that he, too, will be present, and will be elected colonel. The executive committee, Messrs. Gardner, Martin, Elsass, Wise, Rider and Metzger, have decided to establish headquarters in the Hotel Conrad and the camp fire will be held in the Armory. There will also be a grand ball, just where though, has not yet been agreed upon. The crowd which will be in Massillon during the convention, will not be as large as some may expect. Each fifty voters in the organization are entitled to one delegate, so if 150 men are here, the state will be fairly represented. The Aid Society holds its convention at the same time, and its attendance is expected to be good.

Bender Barn Burned.

A barn on the Bender property, near the reservoir, caught fire at four o'clock Thursday afternoon and was burned to the ground. No alarm was sent in, as the barn was situated a considerable distance beyond the city limits.

For Pin Worms, Eczema, Hives, in fact, any of the various torturing, itchy diseases of the skin, Doan's Ointment is an instant and positive remedy. Get it from your dealer.

THE BRAVE DAYS OF OLD.

Captain Lewis in a Reminiscent Mood.

HIS CANAL BOAT EXPERIENCE.

It Used to be Profitable to Own and Run a Canal Boat—A Man is Lucky Who Makes Enough to Keep Himself During the Winter Now.

Among the boats laid up in this city while the repairs go on, is the Free Trader, as brave a craft as ever sprung a leak, and whose captain, George Lewis, has been a fresh water sailor since 1853.

He was eleven years of age when his father brought him, with the other members of the family, from Wales, and introduced him to the Ohio canal. Young George took to the water as naturally as a duck, and at sixteen his father considered him competent to command a boat and made him captain.

"Those were the days," said he while in a reminiscent mood, the other evening, "when the old canal was a paying institution. There was a cargo for every boat then, and more, too, and you didn't have to travel a score of miles to find it, either. And at that time there were over 250 boats on the water, about four times as many as we have now."

"I was twenty-one years old when I bought my first boat, in 1863, and I tell you I was a proud man when, standing at the helm, I started on my first trip. Then there were no competing railways, and man's time I unloaded a cargo of Massillon coal in Cleveland, received my \$200, and was back at the mine to get another on the fourth day following."

"The first year I was out I cleared \$1,600, although expenses were heavy and I had lived well and had had a good time. Of course you can't do anything like that nowadays. If a man works hard, his efforts will yield him a living, but when cold weather comes he usually finds that he has not made enough money to support himself and family until navigation reopens. He must seek employment. It used to be that if we were not \$1,000 ahead by December we thought we had had a mighty poor season, but even at that we could rest until spring. In fact, we used to consider winter as our vacation, but now it is merely a time when we must change our vacation."

"The first few years that I was in the canal were the most prosperous. We then received \$2, or thereabout, a ton, for carrying coal to Cleveland from Massillon. Now we get 65 or 70 cents a ton and must haul it from Navarre or below. Then we could make the trip in five or six days at the farthest. Now it takes more than twice as long. This is due, of course, to the condition of the canal. It is not as deep as it was then and the boats don't run as smoothly."

"I tell you that if the good old times were to be restored I would not give that old Free Trader and my team for the best 100-acre farm in Stark county, if it is the best land in the state. With my experience, my property would make me a rich man, under the old conditions, in a few years."

"A good barge costs about \$1,000, and with proper care it will last twenty years or more. But in that time you will have to spend another \$1,000 to keep it in condition. Now, a plan that I always followed in the past, was to use a boat for six or seven years and then sell it. By putting some more money to what you realize on the old craft, you could buy a new boat. This was a better way than keeping it so long, for as a boat grows older the cost of keeping it in repair gradually becomes higher."

"That boat of mine cost me \$1,800, and in its day it was among the best, although all barges brought higher prices when I bought mine than they do now. Since 1859 there has been a Free Trader on the canal. My father owned the first one, and its successors were named after it. When I came in command of this craft, the painter asked me what name he should give it. I told him to suit himself. It happened that he was an old friend of my father, and knowing that his Free Trader was in its last days, decided that my boat should be its namesake. That is how it came to be the Free Trader."

Although many good and great men received their starts in life on the canal, Mr. Lewis says he would hardly now recommend it as a business to an ambitious young man. He says it is not a fact the boatmen are the happiest class of men. "Oh! to be sure," he said, "you can be content if you enjoy getting up at 4:30 o'clock in the morning and working hard until sundown, and the chances are that you will be healthy, for the followers of the canal, I think, are more free from disease than the rest of humanity. But there is nothing in the work that will do anything for the boy but give him a hardy frame and an empty pocket, for the days when money-making was possible are past."

A Temporary Injunction Allowed.

CLEVELAND, May 8.—[By Associated Press] Judge Sage, of the United States court, has allowed a temporary injunction restraining the striking workmen of the Consolidated Steel Company from interfering with workmen employed by the company. He said the proof was clear that violence had been used against workmen of the company, and that if the strikers were not actually engaged in it, they were the ruling spirits, and that the Rod Mill Workers' Union was the fountain-head of the trouble.

BEFORE THE GRAND JURY.

Policeman Getz's Case is Being Considered There.

THE FATAL FALL OF SAMUEL HILL, A Distance of Fifty Feet.

CANTON, May 7. The grand jury devoted this morning to hearing witnesses in the case of John Charters against Policeman Turenne Getz, of Massillon, for shooting with intent to wound. An indictment, if found will be returned with the reports on other cases, on Monday or Tuesday. Witnesses were subpoenaed at the instance of C. C. Upham, Mr. Charters's lawyer, and without the knowledge of the defendant. The case was to have been tried in justice court in Canton on Monday.

IT BROKE HIS SPINE.

The Fatal Fall of Samuel Hill, a Distance of Fifty Feet.

DROPPED FROM A THIRD STORY.

The First Certainly Fatal Accident at the New State Hospital—A Colored Laborer the Victim—He Lost His Balance and Fell to the Ground.

Samuel Hill, a colored man employed at the state hospital grounds, fell from the third story of one of the buildings now being erected, Friday afternoon at about four o'clock, and sustained injuries which will result fatally. His spine is broken and the breastbone and clavicle are also fractured. The lower half of his body is totally paralyzed.

The accident was caused by the wheel of the barrow filled with brick which Hill was pushing, slipping from the plank road and becoming wedged in some manner. Hill gave a strong pull on the handles to loosen it, and in doing so lost his balance and fell fifty feet to the ground. Drs. Hardy and Culbertson dressed his injuries, and he was removed to his home in West South street in Higgin's ambulance.

Hill has been a resident of Massillon for about two months, and a week ago he moved his family here from West Virginia.

THEY CAN'T COMPETE.

Americans in Little Danger from the Japanese.

In the Chicago Record of today W. E. Curtis says:

Dr. W. H. Abercrombie, who for several years has been consul of the United States at Nagasaki, Japan, is in Washington on leave, and said today that there was no occasion for the manufacturers of the United States to be frightened at oriental competition. "The greatest part of the goods produced by the manufacturers of Japan," he said, "are suitable for the Asiatic market, but will never find permanent sale in the United States, on account of their quality. With our people durability is considered more than price, and we will pay a little more for an article that will last, as a matter of economy."

"Since the outbreak of the China-Japan war the price of labor in Japan has gone up very rapidly, in some places from 60 to 100 per cent. The price of products has increased in the same ratio and it looks at present, in view of the rapid rise in the price of labor, as if Japanese competition with American labor will be utterly impossible. At the Kyoto exhibition, which is held once a year, they displayed Japanese refrigerators, bicycles, saddles, trunks, valises, cutlery, surgical instruments, and every other article that enters into the wants of man, but the flimsy character of the articles is discovered as soon as you attempt to use them. They look like good articles, but within a few weeks they wear out, owing to inferior workmanship."

"Japanese goods, as a result, are not genuine, as we consider them, and while there may be a ready market for the first invoice, no American will buy a Japanese article a second time. In this respect they are much inferior to the Chinese, whose silk goods and other articles of manufacture have a very much better quality in every respect. As to the Japanese competing with our manufacturers, we should not be frightened for a moment. We take from Japan about two-thirds of her tea and silk products, whereas Japan gets only about one-third of her imports of manufactured goods from the United States. England takes only about one-third of the Japanese exports, and furnishes about two-thirds of the manufactured goods Japan imports."

COOL HEADED ENGINEER.

Loses His Own Life, but Saves a Train Load of Passengers.

PUEBLO, Col., May 8.—[By Associated Press] An east-bound train on the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe railroad was wrecked at 2 o'clock this morning at a creek near Lamar, only the presence of mind of the engineer, Thomas Madigan, the engineer, in promptly applying the air brakes, saved a fearful loss of life. The bridge sank under the engine, and it and a baggage car went down into the swollen stream. The air brakes stopped the rest of the train. Engineer Madigan was crushed under his engine, and a number of tramps went down with the baggage car and were seriously injured.

"I have used Burdock Blood Bitters in my family for two years. It is the best medicine I ever used. It cured me of dyspepsia in very short

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Discovered this Week by Independent Investigators.

A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Albert Paul.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Hill, of Paul street, a son.

Mr. and Mrs. John Smith are visiting Barborton friend.

John Wilson, of Prescott, Ariz., is the guest of his cousin, Perry McCaughy.

Mayor McCadden, of Canal Fulton, expects to be a Democratic candidate for sheriff.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Deja, of McBryde, Mich., formerly of Massillon, a daughter.

Mrs. C. L. McLain is visiting her daughter, Mrs. H. A. Croxton, in New comers town.

If Fox Lake is drained the ditch will empty into the Tuscarawas river near Butte bridge.

Byron Evans, of the Youngstown telephone company, is calling on friends in the city today.

Miss Flo Long, of Canton, is spending a vacation of one week with her parents on Third street.

Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Coxey will give up their town house, and move back to a home being erected for them at Coxiana.

The Canal Fulton Signal declares that wheat never looked better at this season of the year and the prospects for a big crop are exceedingly good.

The will of the late George Harsh will not be filed at the court house for probate before next week, and pending that time its contents will remain private.

William A. Cummings and Miss Estella Lutz, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jonas Lutz, were married Friday evening. They will reside in West Main street.

S. A. Conrad & Co. are building a large steam heating plant in their Plum street warehouse, with sufficient capacity to distribute steam for heating purposes throughout that portion of town.

John Thomas, who fell from the hay loft of a stable leased by J. S. Coxey, has been sent to St. Alexis hospital, at Cleveland. He is encased in a plaster paris jacket, and manages to get around with crutches.

Mrs. O. W. Schettler has written to Mr. Jacob Wise from Albion, Mich., stating that for months the Rev. Mr. Schettler has been very sick and much of the time at death's door.

The corresponding secretary of the Massillon Trades and Labor Assembly has been instructed to ask all the clergymen in town to deliver sermons on a given Sunday on the subject of Christianity and organized labor.

David Kerstetter's eighty-first birthday anniversary, which arrived on Friday, found him in the very best of health. The occasion was observed in a quiet way by the members of his family.

Mrs. L. Smith, the wife of one of the leading farmers of Jackson township, churned 1,200 pounds of butter last year, which she sold at 25 cents a pound. The Canal Fulton Signal says that this year she expects to increase that amount by 700 pounds.

When the fruit trees blossom in advance of the lilacs, people who study such things say that good fruit crops should not be expected. If this is a true sign, apples and the rest will be at a premium this fall, for lilacs generally have not yet blossomed, while the fruit trees are in full bloom.

The lecture course committee of the Canton Y. M. C. A. entertained the Massillon lecture course committee Wednesday evening. Tea was served at 6:30 o'clock. Matters of interest to the two organizations were discussed, especially the courses of entertainment for the coming season.

Peter Tresselt, employed by the state hospital contractors, fell twenty feet Friday morning, the plank on which he was working giving way. He was taken to the office of Dr. Hattery, who found that his injuries were not serious. He was wounded on the scalp and forehead, and both wrists were partly dislocated.

Henry street residents were annoyed Thursday night by a party of young people, who spent a large part of the evening running back and forth across private property, destroying gardens and flower beds. The only compensating feature in the case is the finding of a valuable hair pin on one of the invaded lots, whose owner happens to be known.

A number of people about town who have a talent for making cake and bread, have learned that there is a demand for their products, and they are now on sale at several groceries and bakeries. Consumers prefer the home flavor they are thus able to purchase, and the makers realize a goodly profit. The commission business is in its infancy, but is growing rapidly.

"The wheat throughout the country to west and south of Massillon promises a good crop," said George White, the veteran stock buyer, who had just returned from a drive into Holmes county, the other day. There is an old German saying to the effect that the wheat crop is never a failure in the year in which seventeen year locusts make their appearance.

Mr. and Mrs. Austin Lynch, of Canton, gave a dinner in honor of Judge Wm. R. Day, Wednesday night, their guests being about forty members of the bar of Stark county. The occasion was entirely informal, and no speeches were made. Among the guests were Messrs. Robert H. Folger, Robert W. McCaughy, Frank L. Baldwin, and Robert H. Day, of Massillon.

The Canton News-Democrat quotes Amos Mase, of Navarre, as saying: "Yes, I had been thinking some of being a candidate for the legislature, but after talking the matter over with my friends in the city and other parts of the county, I have concluded to enter the race for sheriff." Mr. Mase will have to step up lively, for Sheriff Kinder, of Massillon, is in the saddle, and when Mr. Kinder once sets out to get something he usually gets it.

J. L. Smith, the South Erie street marble and granite dealer, was assisting some men in handling a huge block of granite, Friday afternoon, when something slipped and the heavy timber on which he was prying was sprung with such force and suddenness as to send him

flying into the air. He was so badly shaken up that he is unable to work today. His escape was fortunate, however, for had he fallen on one of the stones lying about, he would have been seriously injured.

The body of the late Herman Marks was taken to Cleveland for burial, Friday morning. Brief services were held at his late residence, in East Tremont street at 8 o'clock, the Rev. J. E. Digel officiating. The pall bearers were Geo. Goodhart, Joseph Oppenheimer, Henry Suhr, Christian Lucius, H. H. Pile and Lewis Gels. Messrs. Goodhart and Oppenheimer accompanied the body to Cleveland. The clothing stores were closed this morning and the proprietors and their employees attended the services.

W. A. Lynch, Esq., of Canton, promoter of the Akron-Canton Electric Railway, was in Akron Thursday, and emphatically denied the stories that the road would not be built this year. He said, however, that they were encountering considerable difficulty in securing the right of way via Turkeyfoot Lake, but that a shorter way, with easier grades, via Springfield Lake, has been offered them, and that they have the acceptance of this now under consideration. The road, he repeats, will be built during the coming summer.

BUTCHERED AND EATEN

Horrible Fate of a Young Englishman.

CAPTURED BY SOUTH SEA SAVAGES

F. M. B. Lichtenberger Goes to the Santa Cruz Islands, Where He Meets With a Terrible Death—An Ex-Missionary Suffers With Him.

(By Associated Press to THE INDEPENDENT.)

ASTORIA, Ore., May 8.—According to private advices, F. M. B. Lichtenberger, a young Englishman who came here two years ago, and left a year later, has met with a horrible fate in the South Sea Islands. Lichtenberger went from Astoria to Australia with an ex-missionary whose name is not known, who had previously traded with the natives of the Santa Cruz Islands. They went to trade, the ex-missionary having no fears, but on their arrival they were captured, imprisoned, and finally killed and eaten. The story came out through a half civilized native who witnessed the awful feast. Lichtenberger belonged to a prominent London family.

LATEST FOREIGN NEWS.

LONDON SOCIETY EXCITED.

LONDON, May 8.—[By Associated Press]—Society is on the qui vive in anticipation of five fancy dress balls soon to be given on the scale of the Bradley-Martin ball in New York. One is to be given by Lady Naylor Leyland, formerly Miss Jane Chamberlain, of Cleveland.

GREEKS EVACUATE VLASTINO.

VELASTINO, May 8.—[By Associated Press]—The Greeks have evacuated Vlastino. Detachments of marines have been landed from the British, Russian, French, Austrian and German warships off that place to guard the town.

TWO MORE DEATHS.

PARIS, May 8.—[By Associated Press]—Two more persons injured at the fire, Tuesday last, died today. They were Mesdames Saye and Mastro.

Kentucky Legal News.

FRANKFORT, Ky., May 8.—[By Associated Press]—Ex-Chief Justice Pryor, counsel for several banks, has filed an appeal from the decision of the state court of appeals, holding that all banks of the state must pay taxes. Judge Cantrell, now holding court at Georgetown, has agreed to hear argument on demurrer to indictments against Dr. Hunter and Messrs. Franks and Wilson.

A Bank President's Suicide.

RICHMOND, Va., May 8.—[By Associated Press]—N. W. Nelson, president of the Metropolitan bank of Richmond, was found dead in the bathroom, this morning, with the gas turned on. He had been a great sufferer for some time. It is believed that he ended his life on account of pain. He was 77 years of age.

Cleveland Concern Assigns.

CLEVELAND, May 8.—[By Associated Press]—The Cleveland Paper Company has been put in the hands of a receiver on its own application. Norton T. Horr has been appointed receiver. The company's property is worth \$130,000 and it is not able to pay its debts.

The Tax on Beer

WASHINGTON, May 8. There is much curiosity as to why the tax on beer was made \$1.14 a barrel, instead of \$1.15 or \$1.50. The rate as adopted sounds a good deal as if the Senate committee was imitating the bargain counters in the department stores, but there is a deeper and important significance to the figures. They were adopted for the sake of convenience in mathematical calculations. One hundred and forty-four is the multiple of 2, 3, 4, 6, 8 and 12, which are the divisions used by the brewers in the sale of beer. In estimating and computing the taxes upon fractional parts of a barrel, \$1.14 is much more convenient than \$1.50 or \$1.49 or \$1.15. Thus the tax on half a barrel of beer will be 72 cents, the tax on a quarter of a barrel 36 cents, on a third of a barrel 48 cents, on a sixth of a barrel 24 cents, on an eighth of a barrel 18 cents. Even cents and no fractions, enter into the calculation. Of course the government might require the brewers to sell beer in different quantities from those commonly used, but the officers of the internal revenue bureau think it would be better to adapt the law to the practice.

Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup is pleasant to take, positively harmless to the most delicate constitution, and absolutely sure to cure the most obstinate cough or cold. A household boon.

THE MOTION OVERULED.

Judge McCarty Decides Against a New Trial.

CASTON, May 8. Judge McCarty announced his decision Friday afternoon, overruling the motion for a new trial in the case of J. F. Hess vs. the Canton-Massillon Electric Railway Company. Mr. Hess sued to recover \$2,000 for alleged damage to his property by a grade, and the jury recently awarded him \$138.18.

The stockholders of the Record Printing and Publishing Company, of Canton, announced to the readers of the Morning Record today that publication of that paper and the semi-weekly would be temporarily suspended from that date.

Emma Drayer has applied for a divorce from Joseph Drayer. They were married at Marlboro in April, 1883. Mrs. Drayer claims that her husband has grossly neglected her, and in addition to a decree of divorce desires the custody of their child and the restoration of her maiden name, Emma Keyser.

A final account has been filed in the estate of Valentine Henry, of Canton. The will of Mary Ann Maser, of Paris township, has been filed for probate. Thomas H. St. John has been appointed guardian of Lauretta L. Prince, of Canton. The guardian of Johanna Fitzgerald, of Canton, has filed a new bond, which has been approved.

A marriage license has been granted to William Shane and Dora Nelson, of Canton, and William A. Cummings and Estella E. Lutz, of Massillon.

VIEWS AND INTERVIEWS.

What the People are Saying and Thinking About.

Mr. Harry J. Meyers has staid up nights reading up Mohammedanism, and now he knows why the Turks are so bloodthirsty. "You see," said he, "if a Mohammedan is slain in battle, according to the doctrines of his religion, he at once enters upon a career of eternal bliss, while if he does anything that is in the least cowardly, he may at once prepare himself for a leap into the bottomless pit. Only the brave can reach their heaven."

"That is probably the reason why war has such a fascination for the followers of that religion. With such inducements they ought to be the best fighters in the world, and I should not wonder if they are. I think I could stand my ground myself under such conditions."

A suburban resident came to town, Friday afternoon, and as he stood on the square and wiped his perspiring brow, he remarked to a friend, "I am crazy as a lunatic, so are you, so is Mayor Schott, so is everybody. I am convinced of it. There is not one sane man in the whole world. I have only recently learned, but I am none the less positive, that it is so. I challenge any man to produce proof of his sanity."

"I have the nicest kind of a job these days," said W. H. Beeler, the man who drives the mail wagon between this city and Kods, this morning. "If I was not making a cent, I would like to keep working right along, I am so happy. But it is not always this way. In the winter and during bad weather there is every inducement for a man to be miserable, and at such times my ideal existence becomes quite the reverse. Just now, though, the roads are in fine condition and they carry one through the most beautiful scenery. My passengers are usually very entertaining people, too, so with all this, why should not a man be glad that he is alive?"

A Good Deal of a Hog.

S. W. Calhoun, the Apple Creek stock raiser, so the Wooster Republican says, has received at the Ft. Wayne freight depot, one of the biggest black hogs ever brought here. It is an English Berkshire, cost \$50 in Mercer county, Pennsylvania, and at 20 months old weighs 850 pounds, with plenty of room upon its massive form for the thousand pounds, which it is guaranteed will be the weight for exhibition purposes. The animal attracted much attention.

A 17-Pound Carp Caught.

Boys are having all kinds of sport killing carp in Killbuck bottoms. The Republican of Wooster says: The fish were floated out of the creek by the recent high water and when the floods receded were left in the shallow ditches. The fish captured weigh from two to eight pounds. This morning Charley Conn, a North Grant street youth, captured one in Jones' meadow that weighed 17 pounds on the scales of fish dealer Matt Stuller. "Those who saw the fish claim that it is the largest one ever captured hereabouts."

J. F. BOWMAN,

Of New Pittsburg, O., Recommends Wright's Celery Capsules.

New Pittsburg, O., Jan. 21, 1897. The Wright Medical Co., Columbus, O. Dear Sirs: I have purchased a box of Wright's Celery Capsules from Geo. J. Krueger, druggist, Wooster, O., and used them for Rheumatism and Stomach Trouble. The Capsules relieved me and I am now in excellent health. It is the best remedy I ever used. I am out of all kinds of weather carrying overland mail, and am now in perfect health. I gladly recommend the Capsules.

Very truly,

J. F. BOWMAN.

Sold by all druggists at 50c and \$1.00 per box. Send address on postal to the Wright Med. Co., Columbus, Ohio, for trial size, free.

"I burned my fingers very badly. The pain was intense. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil brought relief in three minutes. It was almost magical. I never saw anything like it." Amelia Swords, Saundersville, O.

Wright's Celery Tea regulates the liver and kidneys, cures constipation and sick headache. 25c at all druggists.

Lot For Sale.

A bargain in real estate may be obtained, located in Green street, one lot removed from Waechter. It is lot No. 1684, and will be sold on easy terms. The title is guaranteed, and anyone desiring a site for a house will find the lot desirable. Inquire at Independent office.

WARM FAREWELL

Shown to Mr. Bayard, Ex-Ambassador to St. James.

BRIEF SYNOPSIS OF THE SPEECHES.

A Distinguished Party Attends the Banquet Given by the American Society in London to the Former Representative of the United States to England—Colonel Hay Joins in the Eulogies.

London, May 8.—The farewell banquet given by the American society in London to Mr. Bayard, former ambassador of the United States, was attended by 270 guests.

The company included Ambassador Hay, Mrs. Hay and all the members of the American embassy, the lord bishop of London (Dr. Creighton), Baron Russell of Killowen, the lord chief justice, Sir Francis and Lady Jeune, Sir Edwin Arnold, Sir Henry Thompson, Lady Randolph Churchill, Lady Anderson, Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Vivian and Miss Genevieve Ward, the actress. Mr. Bayard had a cordial reception.

He brought with him the log of the Mayflower, which he deposited in its glass case in the reception room, where it instantly became the center of attraction. He took Mrs. Hay in to dinner, Ambassador Hay taking Lady Jeune.

The dining room was prettily decorated with flowers and banners, the



HON. THOMAS F. BAYARD.

stars and stripes and the Union Jack being entwined about the arms of the state of Delaware above Mr. Bayard.

The lord bishop of London in a felicitous speech proposed the health of the president of the United States.

Newton Crane toasted the guest of the evening. Ambassador Hay cordially applauded all his eulogies of Mr. Bayard. During the presentation of the loving cup, which is in the form of a pumpkin surmounted by a bust of Mr. Bayard, Mr. and Mrs. Bayard were visibly affected.

Mr. Bayard on rising to respond to Mr. Crane's sentiments was greeted with a storm of applause. He spoke for an hour, slowly and impressively. He said in part: "There is nothing we desire to conceal except a strange shamefacedness that tempts us to restrain the love each feels for the other, but there should never be a strain of doubt as to that affection between the heads of the two countries. No man feels this more than my illustrious successor. If I was ever worth a button you have here a better button to put in my place. I rejoice in my successor, for he will be as fair as I have always sought to be."

Baron Russell in proposing the health of Ambassador Hay said: "The United States have sent us their best man to represent them; and we have no doubt that the chain will be continued unbroken. To Ambassador Hay we will give the heartiest of welcomes, for we believe that he is the harbinger of peace and good will to all."

This toast was received with great enthusiasm.

Colonel Hay, responding, said: "When your chairman kindly invited me to be present, and when Mr. Bayard added the sanction of his own friendly request, I could not but avail myself of the opportunity to pass so delightful an evening in your company. I stipulated, however, that I was to come not in any official capacity, but simply as an American temporarily resident in England and desirous to add my tribute of regard to your distinguished guest."

"I always have been, and fancy I am now, cordially opposed to Mr. Bayard on almost every matter of public concern upon which men of good will may differ, but I have always been happy and proud of his personal friendship."

Municipal Reformers Banqueted.

Louisville, May 8.—The banquet given the delegates of the Municipal Reform league at the Galt House was a brilliant finale to a notable gathering. The banquet table was spread in the big dining room. The floral decorations were elaborate. Mr. Frank N. Hartwell was toast master. The program was as follows: "Necessity For Civic Pride," W. B. Hornblower, New York; "A Woman Voter," by Mrs. Sue Hall, Denver; "Duties of a Citizen," by Rev. S. M. Hamilton, Louisville; "The Woos of a Reformer," by H. E. Deming, New York; "The Reformer in Office," by Mayor George W. Ochs, Chattanooga.

Miners Will Likely Resume.

Knockville, May 8.—A special from Jellico says that the miners have about concluded that they will have to go work under the reduction. All the other districts where reductions were made have accepted and begun work. On account of the summer season, when coal shipments will be light, the miners are at a disadvantage.

Policeman Declared Insane.

Chicago, May 8.—Police Captain Charles E. Aldrich was declared insane.

THE INCONSISTENT SEX.

"Dear baby spouse today!" she cried. "He said 'Mamma' as plain as plain could be. And it was sweet his dimpled smile to see And sweet his gurgling baby laugh to hear. Come quick! Perhaps he will again. The dear!"

And, oh, I am so happy!

"Baby is growing big so fast, And, oh, the sudden tears gushed to her eyes!"

"He'll speak and walk and grow so big and wise, And have another bit and woo and wed And have no longer need of me," she said.

"And I am so unhappy!"

—J. L. Hutton in "The Quitting Bee."

A LESSON IN ECONOMICS.

A Young Woman Gives a Young Man Some Valuable Tips.

Again it is a Washington girl.

This time she appears as an angel of economy to a young man who needs that kind of angelic administration about as much as any other young man in the Capital City, and she is just as successful as if she were tramping him under her scornful heel and making him feel how utterly helpless man is in conflict with the irresistible.

"By Jove," he was saying, "this sort of thing is simply intolerable!"

"What sort of thing?" she inquired, with admirable poise.

"Why, I have just had to pay a messenger 40 cents to deliver a note up town for me, and he was gone less than half an hour. It would be cheaper to have hired a cab and horse and driver, and still cheaper to have sent it by mail under a special delivery stamp."

"What was the note?" she asked, womanlike, before she thought.

"A response to an invitation to dinner."

"Forty cents is cheap for a good dinner," she smiled.

"But I couldn't go," he wailed. "It was a declination, and the 40 cents on top of that. Really, though, this messenger service is a rank imposition and should not be tolerated. Twenty-five cents an hour is ample, with short distances at 10 or 15 cents. The convenience is easily worth that, but more than that is plain extortion and the greed of monopolies."

"You have my sympathy. You are the more entitled to it because you don't seem to know any better. Now, why aren't you as bright as a man I know, who hasn't any more money than you have? When he has a note or a book to send to a girl, he doesn't waste 40 cents on a grinding monopoly—oh, that's what it is," she laughed, as she noted his look of surprise, "we have a call in our house, and I am compelled to use it sometime—but he does a much better thing. He just adds 10 cents to his 40, slips around to the florist's, orders 50 cents' worth of violets sent to the girl, puts the note in with the flowers, and there you are. See? Only 10 cents out, and think how much in—for girls do love flowers, even 50 cents' worth."

The young man began gasping for air.

"Or," she went right on, "if it is the season when flowers are more expensive than messenger service, just substitute candy for flowers. You can get something perfectly lovely for 60 cents, and to add a book or pleasant note to it makes it well worth the girl's kindest thought and your 20 cents extra. Now, is the plan clear to your stupid brain?"

Whether it was or not the young woman that very afternoon received a delightful note of thanks for valuable information, accompanied by a 50 cent bunch of violets from a well known florist.—Washington Star.

Precious Meals.

Almost any dish which had to recommend it rarity, costliness, indigestibility, and, to our way of thinking, nastiness, was sure to take with the Roman epicure. And if he were unable to make it costly any other way he would add powdered precious stones or gold dust. Nero dined on one occasion from a peacock which was sprinkled with diamond dust, and specimens of that bird dressed with gold or with crushed pearls were by no means a rarity at the triclinia of the moneyed Romans. A dish of parrots' tongues was a great delicacy. But a dish of parrots' tongues which had been capable, when in their proper place, of framing words, was of almost incalculable value, which increased in a direct ratio with the vocabularies of the defunct parrots.

Another bird for which the Roman epicure was in the habit of paying fabulous prices was the pheoenix, which is believed to have been the phoenix. It had its home in the most northerly parts of Scotland and Norway, and as this made it hard to get at the Romans appreciated it all the more and put it in the same rank with ostriches, buzzards and peacocks. The tongues of these birds were specially prepared, together with the brains, and took the place which a hors d'oeuvre would now take.—New York Post.

Her Point of View.

They were discussing the construction of a new gown.

"From a hygienic point of view and merely as a matter of health," suggested the dressmaker, "I think it should be made—"

The haughty beauty stopped her by a gesture.

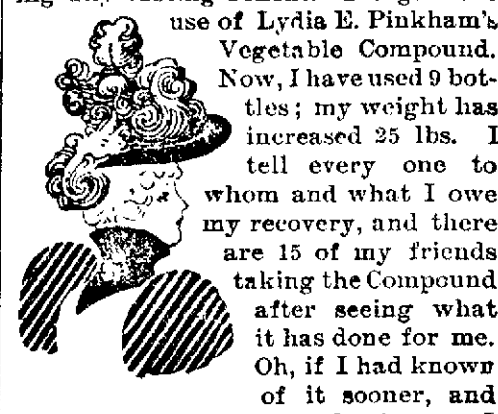
"Hygienic point of view!" she exclaimed. "Matter of health! What has that to do with it? When I want health, I will go to a doctor. When I want style, I come to you. We will now eliminate all absurdities and discuss this purely from a common sense standpoint. Will it be fashionable and becoming?" —Philadelphia Times.

"De man dat boasts ob his cha'ty," said Uncle Eben, "makes some folks criticise. But he ain't ez bad ez de man dat ain't got no sense for boatin, eben if he wanted ter."—Washington Star.

The man who has begun to live more seriously within begins to live more simply without.—Bishop Brooks.

DEAR MRS. PINKHAM.

"I cannot begin to tell you what your remedies have done for me. I suffered for years with falling and neuralgia of the womb, kidney trouble and leucorrhoea in its worst form. There were times that I could not stand, was sick all over and in despair. I had not known a real well day for 15 years. I knew I must do something at once. I had tried physicians without receiving any lasting benefit. I began the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.



Now, I have used 9 bottles; my weight has increased 25 lbs. I tell every one to whom and what I owe my recovery, and there are 15 of my friends taking the Compound after seeing what it has done for me. Oh, if I had known of it sooner, and saved all these years of misery. I can recommend it to every woman."

KATE YODER, 408 W. 9th St., Cincinnati, O.

Should advice be required, write to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., who has the utter confidence of all intelligent American women. She will promptly tell what to do, free of charge. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, which is easily obtained at any druggist's, will restore any ailing woman to her normal condition quickly and permanently.

TODAY'S MARKETS.

Latest Reports From the Centers of Trade.

NEW YORK, May 8.—The market is firmer but quiet. There was no special feature. The following is the weekly bank statement:

BANK STATEMENT.

Reserve decreased.....	\$4,821,050
Loans decreased.....	911,907
Specie increased.....	210,900
Legals decreased.....	6,888,200
Deposits decreased.....	6,502,000
Circulation decreased.....	320,000

CHICAGO, May 8.—The wheat market today was a genuine bull one caused principally by scared shorts covering. The crop reports this morning showed greater damage in some parts of Illinois and Indiana than had been anticipated. Liverpool was unchanged from last night's close. The N. W. receipts were small, 285 cars against 435 last week and 351 last year. The crop reports were discounted today and unless we have a much better cash demand wheat will undoubtedly be lower next week.

	Open- ing.	High- est.	Low- est.	Close.
Wheat.....	70 1/2	71 1/2	70 3/4	72 1/4
Sept.....	67 3/4	68	67 3/4	68 1/2
Oats.....	17 3/4	17 3/4	17 3/4	17 3/4
Sept.....	17 3/4	18 1/4	17 3/4	18 1/4
Corn.....	24 1/2	25	24 3/4	24 3/4
Sept.....	25 1/2	26 1/2	25 1/2	26 1/2
Pork.....	8 05	9 05	8 05	8 05
Sept.....	8 67	8 70	8 62	8 62
Lard.....	4 15	4 15	4 15	4 15
Sept.....	4 07	4 10	4 05	4 05

TOLLEDO, May 8.—[By Associated Press]—Wheat 92.

	Open- ing.	High- est.	Low- est.	Close.
American Sugar.....	115 1/2	116 1/2	114 1/2	115 1/2
American Tobacco.....	70 1/2	71	70 1/2	71
C. B. & Q.....	74 1/2	74 3/4	74 1/2	74 3/4
Chicago Cattle.....	8 1/2	8 3/4	8 1/2	8 3/4
General Electric.....	31 1/2	31 3/4	31 1/2	31 3/4
Jersey Central.....	77 1/2	78 1/2	77 1/2	78 1/2
Louisville & Nashville.....	44 1/2	44 3/4	44 1/2	44 3/4
Lake Shore.....	82	82 1/2	81 1/2	82 1/2
Manhattan.....	104	104 1/2	104	104 1/2
Northwest.....	63 1/2	63 3/4	63 1/2	63 3/4
Rock Island.....	73 1/2	73 3/4	73 1/2	73 3/4
St. Paul.....	70 1/2	70 3/4	70 1/2	70 3/4
Western Union.....	82 1/2	82 3/4	82 1/2	82 3/4

The following figures show fluctuations of stocks as furnished by T. B. Arnold's exchange:

The Massillon Markets.

The following prices are being paid in the Massillon markets for grain and produce on this date May 8, 1897.

GRAIN MARKET.	
Wheat per bushel.....	85
Rye, per bushel.....	34-35
Oats.....	26-28
Corn.....	20-22
Barley.....	8-12 1/2
Flax Seed.....	1 00
Clover Seed.....	4 00
Timothy Seed.....	1 25
Brass, per 100 lbs.....	70
Middings, per 100 lbs.....	80
Hay.....	8 00
PRODUCE.	
Choice Butter, per lb.....	16
Eggs, per dozen.....	8
Lard, per lb.....	5
Hams, per lb.....	10
Shoulders per lb.....	8
Sides.....	8
Cheese.....	8
White Beans, per bushel.....	1 00
Onions.....	1 25
Apples.....	40-50
Evaporated Apples, choice.....	8-10
Chickens, live.....	18-20 a piece
Dried Peaches, peeled.....	12-15
Dried Peaches, unpeeled.....	4-5
Salt, per barrel.....	30-1 0